

EPIL may reduce assessment times or scope for the following reasons:

1. Complaints brought from credible – bona fide acceptable sources (e.g., academia, market consumer/protection group, government entity with regulatory authority) need agreeing with the client through a “Product Certification Contract,”
2. Ineffectiveness of the organization to maintain the QAR system or actions taken (internal or external),
3. The product that has resulted in health and safety concerns;
4. Reason’s others detrimental to the objectives of the organization’s purpose and activities as determined by EPIL,
5. The organization no longer uses process, activity, or production
6. Consolidation of business units (while maintaining the same legal entity status) and/or it is sold entirely or part of its processes.

- EPIL needs to discuss reducing the client’s scope; the client is informed and may require presenting a new price invoice

- Failure to resolve issues such as addressing NCs by the client will result in suspension in the time agreed between both parties, which will not exceed 150 days.

- EPIL can reduce the certification scope if the client no longer meets and has seriously failed to meet the certification agreement for part of the process and activities.

- EPIL may extend or reduce assessment time depending on scope changes.

- Extending the assessment to an organization may be added one month upon request, including economic hardship.

- Extending or reducing the scope of activities may be due to growth, significant organizational changes resulting in different products, processes, activities, or added risk aspects if planning to provide additional products.

- Organization growth relevant to the assessment days has changed;

- Significant changes affecting the organization’s activities or complaints indicate that the organization may not conform to the QAR system/product partially or entirely. These may include:

1. Changes in Ownership

2. Alliance

3. Consolidation

4. Acquisition

5. Changes or acquiring equipment (e.g., plant modernization)

6. Increase in personnel (or added shifts)

7. Any matter (adversely) affecting consumers or communities

- Analysis leading to and arriving at a decision is required before taking action. This analysis is the responsibility of EPIL.